Arctic Silver
Silver Based Adhesive
Instructions

CAUTION! Arctic Silver Thermal Adhesive is a permanent adhesive.

There is a very good chance that any components you attach with Arctic Silver Thermal Adhesive will stay attached forever.

Arctic Silver Thermal Adhesive IS NOT intended for use on a CPU.
On a CPU, only use Arctic Silver Thermal Compound.

Important Precautions

- Don't put it in your mouth.
- Keep it away from your eyes.
- Don't give it to children or leave it where children can get a hold of it.
- Keep it away from pets.
- Clean either Part A or Part B off your skin with isopropyl (rubbing) alcohol.
- Remember that this is a permanent adhesive. Do not attach components expecting to separate them later.

General Information

Cure Stages

Mixing the resin and the curing agent begins a chemical reaction that transforms the combined liquid ingredients to a solid. The time it takes for this transformation is the cure time. As it cures the adhesive passes from the liquid state, through a gel state, before it reaches a solid state.

Liquid-Open

Liquid-Open time (also "working time") is the portion of the cure time, after mixing, that the resin/curing agent mixture remains a liquid and is workable and suitable for application. All assembly and clamping should take place during the open time to assure a dependable bond.

Gel-Initial Cure

The mixture passes into an initial cure phase (also called the green stage) when it begins to gel, or "kick-off. The adhesive is no longer workable and will no longer feel tacky. During this stage it progresses from a soft gel consistency to the firmness of hard rubber, You will be able to dent it with your thumbnail

Solid-Final Cure

The adhesive mixture has cured to a solid. You should not be able to dent it with your thumbnail. At this point the adhesive has reached about 90% of its ultimate strength, so clamps or other retention aids can be removed. It will continue to cure over the next several hours at room temperature.
Understanding and Controlling Cure Time

Pot Life

Pot life is a term used to compare the usable life of different hardeners. It is the amount of time 100 grams at 72 F remains a liquid. Because pot life is a measure of the cure speed of a specific contained mass (volume) of adhesive rather than a thin film, a hardener's pot life is much shorter than its open time.

Curing Temperature

The warmer the temperature, the faster the adhesive will cure. The cure temperature is determined by the ambient temperature plus the exothermic heat generated during cure. Ambient temperature is the temperature of the air or material in contact with the adhesive. Air temperature is most often the ambient temperature unless the adhesive is applied to a surface with a different temperature. Generally, the adhesive cures faster when it is warmer. Exothermic heat is produced by the chemical reaction during cure. The amount of heat produced depends on the thickness and surface area of mixed adhesive. In a thicker mass, more heat is retained, causing a faster reaction and more heat. A contained mass of curing adhesive can quickly generate enough heat raise its temperature significantly above the ambient level and increase the curing rate. However, if the same quantity is spread into a thin layer, exothermic heat is dissipated, and the ambient temperature determines the adhesive’s cure time. The thinner the layer of curing adhesive, the less it is affected by exothermic heat, and the slower it cures.

Controlling Cure Time

In warm conditions mix smaller batches that can be used up quickly, or keep the mixture in a thin layer thereby allowing exothermic heat to dissipate and extending open time. The sooner the mixture is transferred or applied (after thorough mixing), the more of the mixture's useful open time will be available for assembly. In cool conditions use supplemental heat to raise the adhesive temperature above the curing agents minimum recommended application temperature. Use a hot air gun, heat lamp or other heat source to warm the resin and curing agent before mixing or after the adhesive is applied. At room temperature, supplemental heat is useful when a quicker cure is desired.

CAUTION!

Heating adhesive that has not gelled will lower its viscosity, allowing the adhesive to run or sag more easily on vertical surfaces. Never heat mixed adhesive in a liquid state over 120F(49C). Regardless of what steps are taken to control the cure time, thorough planning of the application and assembly will allow you to make maximum use of the adhesive’s open time and cure time.

Specific Application Instructions

CAUTION!

Even though Arctic Silver Thermal Adhesive is specifically engineered for high electrical resistance, you should keep it away from processor, memory, and motherboard traces, pins and leads. The cured adhesive is slightly capacitive and can cause problems if it bridges two close-proximity electrical paths.

ONLY Arctic Silver Thermal Adhesive should be between the chip and the heatsink. Remove any old adhesive, thermal grease, pads, tape, or other interface materials from the heatsink and chip before attaching the heatsink with the Arctic Silver Thermal Adhesive.

Verify that the heatsink will fit on the chip without interference from any surrounding components.

If there is a possibility that excess adhesive could contact the chip leads after squeezing out of the mating junction, electrically insulate any leads in harm's way with non-corrosive silicone or a conformal coating.

Any silicone used on electronics should be labeled non-corrosive and/or low odor. Silicones with a vinegar odor contain acetic acid and can damage electrical traces and leads.
Step 1

\Note which chips that will have heatsinks attached have leads that could be bridged by excess Arctic Silver Adhesive

Step 2

Squeeze a small amount of non-corrosive silicone onto a clean piece of paper. Use the small end of the Arctic Silver mixing wand to cover the chip leads with silicone.

Wipe the mixing wand thoroughly to remove all silicone.

Step 3

Wait the appropriate amount of time for the silicone to set completely per its instructions. When it is set, make sure that the mating surface of the chip is clean and that there are not any silicon strands that will interfere with the heatsink mounting.

Step 4

If you have doubts about your ability to apply the silicone to the chip leads without getting it all over the top of the chip, cover the top of the chip with a piece of masking tape before you apply the silicone.

Step 5

Apply the silicone as above step 2. Wipe the silicone that gets on the masking tape off with a rag or paper towel before it sets.

Once the silicon has had at least one hour to set, carefully remove the masking tape and check mating surface of the chip as detailed above.

Clean the mating surfaces completely with a low residual solvent (isopropyl alcohol will work) and a low lint cloth. (Medical type alcohol pads are excellent.) If the heatsink surface has had thermal compound previously applied, the surface should be thoroughly scrubbed and cleaned with a quality degreaser. Wipe the surface with paper towels before the solvent dries and then follow with the alcohol cleaning step. It is important to keep the surfaces free of foreign materials and NOT to touch the surfaces. (A hair, piece of lint, and even dead skin cells can affect the thermal interface performance.)

Arctic Silver Thermal Adhesive is designed to be mixed 1:1, that is equal amounts of Part A and Part B. Varying the ratio of the mix will not significantly affect the curing time, but may affect the strength of the final bond. DO NOT attempt to alter the cure time by altering the ratio. An accurate ratio is essential for a proper cure and full development of physical properties. Mixed in the proper ratios, Arctic Silver Thermal Adhesive has a pot life of 3 to 4 minutes at normal room temperatures.

Dispense the proper proportions of resin and curing agent onto a clean plastic or metal sheet. Only use as much as you will be able to mix and apply in approximately three minutes. Stir the two ingredients together thoroughly with the mixing wand. To assure thorough mixing, scrape the mixing sheet as you mix. If you have adhesive left over after the application, do not dispose of the mixture until the reaction is complete and has cooled.
Use the mixing wand to apply the adhesive to the top of the chip in a thin layer. Be careful to keep the adhesive away from traces, pins, and leads. The flatter the mating surfaces, the thinner the layer that is required. Stock processors and/or heatsinks with normal surface irregularities or that are slightly concave or convex will require a layer 0.004" to 0.008 thick to fill the resultant gaps. (Equal to the thickness of 1 to 2 sheets of standard weight paper.) Properly lapped processors and heatsinks will require a thinner layer.

RECHECK to make sure no foreign contaminants are present on either mating surface, and place the heatsink on the chip.

Clamp or secure the components. Attach clamps as necessary to hold the components in place. Use enough pressure to insure that the adhesive is making good contact with both mating surfaces. Avoid using too much clamping pressure, which can damage components.

Any method of clamping is suitable as long as the parts to be joined are held so that movement will not occur. Methods of clamping include spring clamps, "C" clamps, rubber bands, nylon-reinforced packaging tape, applying weights, and vacuum bagging. When placing clamps near adhesive-covered areas, use wax paper under the clamps so they don't inadvertently bond to the surface.

Remove or shape any excess adhesive that squeezes out of the joint as soon as the joint is secured with clamps. The mixing wand can be wiped off with a paper towel and used to keep the adhesive away from chip leads and other sensitive areas.

Wipe the remaining adhesive off the mixing wand with a paper towel and wait patiently for the adhesive to cure. After half an hour or so, remove the clamps and marvel at the incredibly neat job you did.

Do not put undue stress on the connection until the adhesive has several hours to completely set.

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